

# Game Studies



***Prepare to be schooled.***



**Game Developers**  
Conference

# Who We Are



**Ian Bogost, Ph.D.**



**Mia Consalvo, Ph.D.**



**Jane McGonigal, Ph.D. Cand.**



# Why Game Studies?

**Very smart people** who **care a lot** about games and the people who play them.

**Targeted expertise** in: psychology, group dynamics, performance, human computer interface, narrative, cinematics, physiology, artificial intelligence, economics, computer science, visual arts, and more.



# Get Ready

- a rapid fire **Top 10 Countdown**
- we have **handouts!**
- you can **download the slides** later.

POSITION  
1 / 2

LAP TIME  
1:09.573

Kenrchoi

-0:31.612

BLADERUNNER DAN has left the Lobby.



LAP 3 of 3



# #10 Top Research Finding

**“How does game music impact a player’s effectiveness?”**

Gianna Cassidy, et al  
Glasgow Caledonian University,  
*Psychology Department* and  
*eMOTION game lab*

# #10 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- Measured 4 gameplay factors: **speed**, **accuracy**, **emotional arousal**, **attention**
- High **emotional impact** of music  $\neq$  high player **effectiveness**
- **Control** of and **preference** for music = best overall player experience



# #10 Top Research Finding

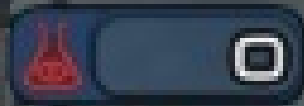
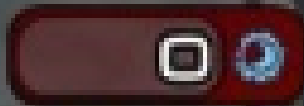
## **The big picture take-away:**

Game music is not just about emotional impact or world-building. **SUCCESS** hangs on it.

**How and when are you using game music to support or to challenge your players?**







The enemy has the ball, recover it!

V Katana (100)

V Nafiret (100)



[www.unrealchampionship.com](http://www.unrealchampionship.com)

# #9 Top Research Finding

**“What do players really think about voice chat and its usefulness in gameplay?”**

Kevin Hew, Martin R. Gibbs & Greg Wadley. The University of Melbourne, *Department of Information Systems*

# #9 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- **Poor usability** hindered players' attempts to be **social**
- Players disliked the **lack of control** over what was sent over channel
- Voice **isn't** always an advance

# #9 Top Research Finding

## **The big picture take-away:**

Voice communication needs to be designed with a particular purpose in mind within your game.

**What specific elements of your gameplay does voice chat enable or enhance?**



# #8 Top Research Finding

**“Gestural and embodied controllers are fun. But are they good for gameplay?”**

Stephen Griffin, The Georgia  
Institute of Technology  
(*Information Technology*)

# #8 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- Trend toward **transparent interfaces** in HCI
- Weird controllers => interaction that **accounts** for the body
- But buttons **abstract complex action** well

# #8 Top Research Finding

## The big picture take-away:

Buttons are best for complex, symbolic action. Designs for new gestural systems should take this balance into account.

**Are you choosing the right gestural vs. symbolic control system?**











# #7 Top Research Finding

**“Does the presence of other players make an online game more or less immersive?”**

Cheryl Campanella Bracken, et al  
Cleveland State University  
*Department of Communication*

# #7 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- 3 kinds of “strong presence” identified: spatial-physical, social, & co-presence
- Adversaries were depersonalized-- “the same as bots”
- All 3 forms of presence experienced mostly strongly in “collaborative online environment” games



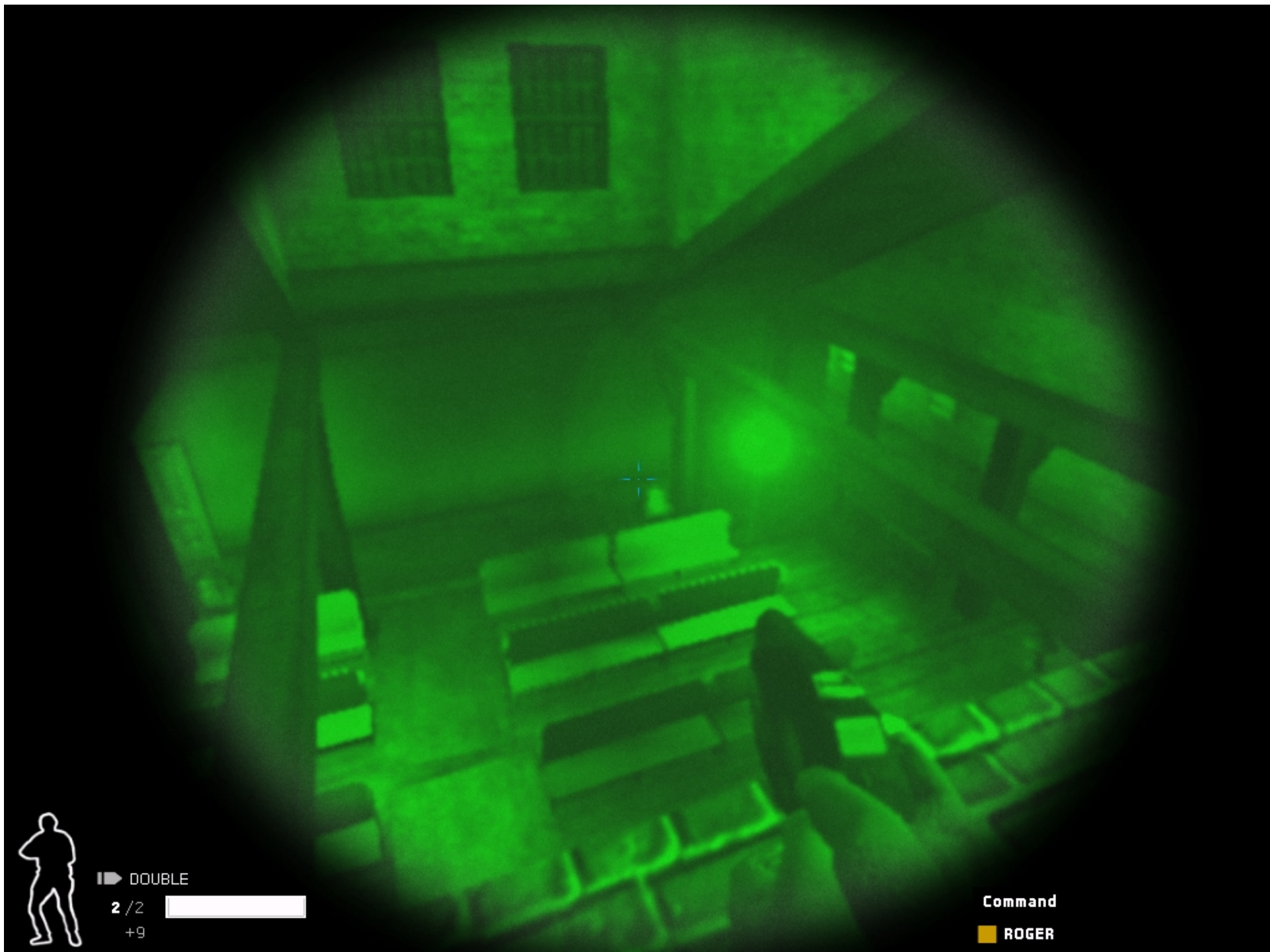
# #7 Top Research Finding

## **The big picture take-away:**

Collaboration is an extremely powerful driver of immersion and stickiness.

Where could you add moments of multi-player collaboration in your game?





# #6 Top Research Finding

**“Are players cheating as much as we (and other gamers) think they are?”**

Dale Miller, Stanford University,  
et al. (*Personality and Social Psychology*)

# #6 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- If someone is supervised, we believe he would act dishonestly without the supervision
- People attribute dishonesty and cheating to those they *think* might commit such acts



# #6 Top Research Finding

## **The big picture take-away:**

Perceptions are often more important than reality for fairness in multiplayer games.

**What concrete steps can you take to assure players that a competition is fair?**





# #5 Top Research Finding

**“What innovative game design uses are there for player-controlled cameras?”**

Michael Nitsche, The Georgia Institute of Technology (*Digital Media*)

# #5 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- **Interactive** equivalent of **cinematic montage** is rare (sniper)
- Goldeneye (sniper), Siren (sight-jacking), overhead (Doom), Fatal Frame II (3P fixed)
- Reinforcing player positioning = **meaningful cut**



# #5 Top Research Finding

**The big picture take-away:**

Player-controlled camera movement can be thought of as an “adaptation” of cinematic montage.

**How can your game make more creative use of player-controlled camera cuts?**





Battlefield: 1942 - Work In Progress (15.05.04) [www.ign.com](http://www.ign.com)

# #4 Top Research Finding

**“What strategies do gamers invent to communicate to other players in online games... and can games be designed to better support these strategies?”**

Tony Manninen and Tomi Kujanpää  
University of Oulu, LudoCraft *Game Design and Research Unit*



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# #4 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- Players want to communicate 3 things: **intentions**, **actions**, and **effects**
- A design-oriented **taxonomy** of **10** kinds of communication strategies
- **Least-supported** strategies currently: gesture, non-verbal audio and non-violent physical contact





# #4 Top Research Finding

## **The big picture take-away:**

Players are trying to invent new ways to communicate and coordinate in your games.

Have you explored non-standard possibilities for interaction forms?



# #3 Top Research Finding

**“Can alternative controllers like eye tracking devices offer a PC gaming experience that is more fun and involving than mouse control?”**

Erika Jönsson, Royal Institute of Technology, Sweden. (*Human Computer Interaction*)

# #3 Top Research Finding

## What she found out:

- With a **2D shooter**, everyone rated the game as more fun when played with the eyes
- In *Half Life*, **combining eye and mouse functions** led to more players responded positively



# #3 Top Research Finding

## The big picture take-away:

Use of eye-tracking could be a successful addition to your game, provided it has a useful function and is properly play-tested.

**What novel input devices are you considering for your PC game?**







## #2 Top Research Finding

**“How can we generate facial animation that combines speech AND variable emotion?”**

Yong Cao, UCLA (*Computer Science*), Wein Tien, Petros Faloustos, Frederic Pighin, USC (*Institute for Creative Technologies*)



# #2 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- **Speech-driven** faces are common
- But people look and speak differently under **different emotional states**
- An original method for generating facial animation with **lip syncing** AND **emotional blending**



# #2 Top Research Finding

## **The big picture take-away:**

Manually specify emotional content, or use a Support Vector Machine to identify emotional content from a script.

Could your characters' facial expression be more emotionally specific during speech?





# #1 Top Research Finding

**“How do game events marking success vs. failure affect a player’s level of engagement?”**

Niklas Ravaj, et al  
Helsinki *School of Economics,*  
*Media Interface & Network Design*  
(MIND) Labs

# #1 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- More **pleasure** and **excitement** in **active failure** than in success
- However: **passive** experience of **failure** makes players disengage.
- **Attaining a goal** **DECREASES** player arousal and interest.



# #1 Top Research Finding

**The big picture take-away:**

Failure is an unexpected hot spot for excitement and pleasure.

**How much fun is failure in your game?**







# #0 Top Research Finding

**“How do we design for spectator as well as player experiences?”**

Stuart Reeves et al, University of Nottingham, UK (*Learning Sciences*); Mike Fraser, University of Bristol, UK (*Computer Science*)

# #0 Top Research Finding

## What they found out:

- Spectator Experiences = **Manipulations & Effects** (see chart)
- Visible gestures that the system **doesn't** respond to still matter
- Design principles: **Secretive, Expressive, Magical, Suspenseful**



# #0 Top Research Finding

**The big picture take-away:**

**Secretive** and **Suspenseful**  
spectator experiences are  
uncommon in spectator games.

**Have you considered the  
spectator experience in your  
game?**

**Download** the slides and handouts:



[www.avantgame.com/top10.htm](http://www.avantgame.com/top10.htm)

**QUESTIONS?**



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